Morbidity and Mortality Report





FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY Public Health Service

NATIONAL OFFICE OF VITAL STATISTICS

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Provisional Statistics for Specified Notifiable Diseases in the United States for Week Ended November 15, 1952

In most years, the lowest point in incidence of measles in the United States is reached during the latter part of August or the first half of September. The total number of reported cases, beginning with the week ended September 6, 1952, is 10,360 as compared with 16,780 for the same period of 1951. Since the beginning of the present "disease year," the number of cases reported weekly has about doubled, while in 1951, the number nearly tripled. The higher incidence last fall was a prelude to the high incidence early in 1952, the peak of which was reached in April. For the entire "disease year," beginning September 2, 1951, and ending August 30, 1952, approximately 703,000 cases were reported, as compared with 498,000 for the previous 12-month period. Present indications are that measles incidence for the country as a whole will not be as high for the present "disease year" as that of last year. Only 1 State has shown any significant increase in the numbers of reported cases in the past few weeks, namely, Wisconsin. In this State during the past 5 weeks, the number of reported cases has increased from 73 to 282. Incidence has been high in several counties in the northern part of

Since August 30, a total of 368 cases of malaria has been reported among civilians, and 1,083 from military establishments located in the United States. For the same period in 1951, there were 580 civilian cases and 2,485 from military establishments. The weekly reporting of malaria by States to the Public Health Service was begun in September of 1951. The peak numbers of cases in 1951 were among 131 civilians, for the week ended October 13, and 440 cases from military establishments, for the week ended October 6. In 1952, the number of cases began to increase early in May. The number from military establishments reached a peak for the week ended July 12, when 430 cases were reported, and about the middle of August, the peak number of cases among civilians was reached,

In 1951 and 1952, a large majority of the civilian cases of malaria have been in persons who had military service in Korea. Careful investigation of cases in persons not known to have been in Korea have indicated that only 14 cases in 1951 could be considered as primary indigenous, i.e., infected in the United States. The follow-up of cases in 1952, up to the middle of October, has revealed that 18 cases could be regarded as primary indigenous. This includes a group which occurred among teen-age girls, who attended a camp in east central California,

Although whooping cough does not have as pronounced a high and low seasonal incidence as some of the other communicable diseases, the incidence usually reaches a peak in late spring or early summer. The low incidence is usually reached about the first of October. However, the 505 cases reported for the week ended November 8, this year, is the smallest weekly total for the calendar year, to date. The cumulative total beginning with the week ended October 4 is now 4,305 as compared with 7,300 for the corresponding period of 1951. For the corresponding period of 1950 there were 11,426 cases reported. Of the total reported during the last 7 weeks, almost half (2,000) have been in the Middle Atlantic and East North Central States.

A total of 2.140 cases of scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat was reported for the current week. This represents an increase of 12 percent over the number (1,912) reported for last week. This increase was, in part, a result of large increases in Virginia, from 52 to 114 cases; Arizona, 129 to 147; and Ohio, from 92 to 121. In Virginia some of the cases for the current week were probably delayed cases which were too late to get in the report for the week ended November 8. The cumulative total. beginning with the week ended August 9 (week following seasonal low point), is now 16,735. Of this total, more than half (8,830) of the cases were reported in the 3 States mentioned above-and California and Texas.

Prior to 1952 there was no weekly or monthly reporting of infectious hepatitis by States to the Public Health Service. Consequently, there have been no figures available on a Nation-wide basis, that could be used to show the seasonal pattern of the disease. In the early months of 1952, a peak in incidence was reached in February which was followed by a rapid decline to a level that was fairly constant during the summer months. During September and October there was an increase in numbers of reported cases. Since incidence is relatively high in school-age children, and epidemics have been reported frequently in particular school populations, the lower incidence of the past summer might be accounted for by the fact that schools generally were not in session.

For the current week, 1,050 cases of poliomyelitis were reported in the United States. California, with 202 cases, was the only State to report more than a hundred cases. Some of these cases probably were delayed, since the report for last week was sent early because of the holiday. The cumulative total for the "disease year," which began with the week ended April 5, is now 52,605.

One case of psittacosis was reported in Minnesota.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Salmonellosis

Dr. R. M. Albrecht, New York State Department of Health, reports 2 cases of salmonellosis in persons who ate at an inn on August 5. Both became violently ill about 9 hours later. Laboratory examination of stool specimens from one patient showed S, heidelberg. The menu at the inn included turkey, which on examination, showed a heavy growth of a type of staphylococcus, which did not fit into a recognizable group. Conditions in the kitchen were unsanitary. It is believed that salmonellosis was the cause, and that the turkey was the most likely vehicle.

Gastro-enteritis

Dr. Albrecht, reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among employees of several plants in New York State. There were 38 cases reported with an average incubation period of 6 hours. The illness was confined to those eating cream pie furnished by a commissary elsewhere. The pie revealed hemolytic staphylococcus.

Weekly Morbidity Report

Table 1.— COMPARATIVE DATA FOR CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

DISEASE	TOTAL FOR WEEK ENDED		5-year median	Approxi- mate seasonal		VE TOTAL RASONAL WEEK	5-year median	CUMULATI FOR CA YE	5-year median	
	Nov. 15, 1952 ¹	Nov. 17, 1951	1947- 51	low week ended	1951-52	1950-51	1946-47 through 1950-51	1952	1951	1947- 51
Anthrax062	_	2	1.	(2)	(2)	/ ² \	(2)	33	56	4.7
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	39			(²)	(2)	(2) (2)	(2)	1,906		1
Diphtheria055	105	144	254	July 1	1,202	1,657	3,253	2,648	3,627	6,938
Encephalitis, acute infectious 082	11	16	16	(²)	(^é)	(²)	(²)	31,811	932	708
Hepatitis, infectious,		-		\ ' '	` ′	\	```	2,022	002	1
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	418			(2)	(²)	(2)	/2)	14,164		
Malaria110-117	52	239		(²) (²)	21	\2\j	(²) (²)	7,472		
Measles085	1,856	3,083	1,863		10.360	16,780	10,674	661.084	485,654	485,654
Meningococcal infections057	69	79	64	Sept. 1	686	663	611	4,282	3,633	3,070
Poliomyelitis, acute080	1,050	573	651	Apr. 1	452,605	25,466	25,466	*53,925	26,764	26,764
Rocky Mountain spotted fever 104A	3	3	2	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	309	327	514
Scarlet fever and streptococcal							·			
sore throat050,051	2,140	1,189	1,295	Aug. 1	16,735	8,063	9,111	94,129	61,194	66,532
Trichiniasis128	4			(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	326		
Tularemia059	. 3	6	9	(2)	(²)	(²)	(_S)	565	574	847
Typhoid fever040	38	44	44	Apr. 1	1,832	1,608	2,186	2,231	2,000	2,673
Typhus fever, endemic101	6		,	Apr. 1	132			162		
Whooping cough056	680	1,151	2,052	Oct. 1	54,305	7,300	10,797	⁵ 40,965	61,075	68,143
Rabies in animals	117	1.43		(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	6,853	6,290	

Botulism: Washington, 1 case. Rabies in man: Texas, 1 case.

NOTE, Cases of specified notifiable diseases occurring in outlying possessions for current week (corresponding week of 1951 shown in parentheses) follow:

Alaska: Poliomyelitis, 7 (-); scarlet fever, 1 (-); whooping cough, 17 (-).

Hawaii: Mencles, 1 (472); poliomyclitis, 1 (1); scarlet fever, 4 (-); whooping cough, 1 (-); hepatitis, infectious, and serum, 1.

Puerto Rico: Diphtheria, 8 (5); measles, 20 (14); poliomyelitis, - (1); typhoid fever, - (6); whooping cough, - (9).

SOURCE AND NATURE OF DATA

These provisional data are based on reports from State and territorial health departments to the Public Health Service. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. When the diseases with low frequencies (botulism, cholera, dengue, plague, rables in man, smallpox, typhus fever—epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted under the table above.

Symbols. - 1 dash [-]: no cases reported; asterisk [*]: disease stated not notifiable; parentheses, [()]: data not included in total; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

²Not computed.

ODeduction: North Carolina, week ended August 30, 1 case.

Deduction: North Carolina, week ended October 25, 1 case.

Deduction: Kentucky, week ended November 8, 41 cases.

Table 2.—CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES WITH COMPARATIVE DATA: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE FOR WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 15, 1952

(Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	DIPHTE		MEASI (085		MENINGOO INFEC	CIONS	POLIOMYI ACUT	re	SCARLET AND STREP SORE TI (050,0	rococcal Broat	TYPHO FEVE (O40	er .
AREA	Week e	ended	Week (ended	Week	ended	Week	ended	Week	anded	Week	ended
	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.
	15, 1952	17, 1951	15, 1952	17, 1951	15, 1952	17, 1951	15, 1952	17, 1951	15, 1952	17, 1951	15, 1952	17, 1951
UNITED STATES	105	144	1,856	3,083	69	79	1,050	573	2,140	1,189	38	44
NEW ENGLAND	in the second se	2	84	489	2	8	18	6	118	66	1	2
Maine	-	-	33	133	1	1	7	1	18	15	-	-
New HampshireVermont	-	-	5 6	25 19	-	1	i	2	10 9	6 1	-	l ī.
Massachusetts	*	. 5	24	181	-	4	5	1	46	23	-	1
Rhode Island	-		16	58 73	ī	1	3	2	31	7 17	1	-
				ĺ								-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	4	7	155	1,307	15	1.0	106	46	204	167	6	7
New York	1	3	22 5	626 287	5	6 3	63	15 13	96 38	29	3	5
Pennsylvania	2	ĩ	128	394	7	i	32	18	70	46	3	3
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	5	19	518	436	8	15	208	100	387	355	s	4
Oh10	4	7	81.	126	1	3	57	17	121	136	ı	1
Indiana	-	5	12	50	î	1	21	11	50	30	-	-
Illinois	1	1	34	150	-	6	48	32	77	56	1	-
Michigan	-	6	109 282	97	3 3	1	67 15	18	76 63	103	-	3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	4	30	344	116	2	3	227	65	100	65	5	4
Minnesota	-	2	157	16	-	-	88	6	37	14	1	
Iowa	-	-	29	1	1	3	44	9	17	13	1	-
Missouri	1	27	31 13	6 78	1 1	_	25	18	12 15	9	-	4
South Dakota	-	-	54	4	-	-	19	2	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	~	1	3	6	-	-	24	10	8	5	-	-
Kansas	2	-	57	5	-	~	24	18	11	so	-	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	53	45	121	257	17	10	66	46	299	174	7	7
Delaware	2	:	8	146	-	1	2	1 5	5 18	13	:	-
District of Columbia	-	-	1	14	-	-	-	-	3	10	2	
Virginia	15	13	26	24	6	5	10	4	114	33	-	3
West Virginia	2	9	41	13	1 2	2	12	16	22 66	34 52	a	1 1
South Carolina	12	9	.31	5	3	-	ī	3	7	5	-	-
Georgia	16	14	4	46	4	-	16	9	35	16	2	-
Florida	9	-	6	2	1	1	18	7	29	9	1	s
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	18	21	128	132	10	7	53	50	104	86	4	7
Kentucky	2	4	13	79	5	1	29	4	28	34	-	2
TennesseeAlabama	12 3	8	74 29	10 35	2 3	2	10 6	16	55 10	40 9	2	2 1
Mississippi	1	7	12	8	-	2	8	26	11	3	2	ž
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	11	15	125	44	9	8	40	76	509	38	11	7
Arkansas	1	S	-	4	1	1	5	7	44	4	1	-
Louisiana	1	3 4	1 3	i	2	2	6 1.5	6 19	8 22	12	5	5
Texas	9	6	121	39	5	5	17	44	435	21	5	2
MOUNTAIN	7	2	115	128	. г	3	99	41	247	46	-	3
Montana	-	1	45	45	- (-	9	3	10	12	-	
Idaho	-	-	7	13	-		15 7	3	9	10	-	-
Colorado	4	-	39	19	s	ĩ	55	4 8	148	3	-	ī
New Mexico	-	1	5	3	-	-	7	3	2	3	-	2
Arizona	3	-	3 12	18 27	-	1	14	6	147	6	-	-
Wevada	~	-	7.0	"-		, ,	12 13	13 1	1.7	11	-	-
PACIFIC	3	3	266	174	7	15	233	143	172	195	5	3
)		1	37	43	_	ı	18	13	39	14		1
WashingtonOregon	*			1 200							,	

(Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	WHOOPIN (05	Namas	.1)	(undulant (044)	acute 082)	infectious, (092,	117)	n (104A)		(128)	(6	endemic	ns.1s
AREA	Week	ended	(049		1tis, ous (1 .	(1110-111)	untai	(084)	1	a (059)	fever, (101)	in animals
	Nov. 15, 1952	Nov. 17, 1951	Botulism	Brucellosi fewer)	Encephalitis, acute infectious (082)	Hepatitis, and serum N998.5 pt.	Malaria	Rocky Mountain spatted fever	Smallpox	Trichiniasis	Tularemia	Typhus f	Sables 11
UNITED STATES	680	1,151	1	39	1.1.	418	52	3	-	4	3	6	117
NEW ENGLAND	74	136	-	г	w	71	1		-	-	-	-	-
Maine	12 1 5 32 6 18	8 10 30 63 2 23	**	1	 	26 - 45 -	1	-	77 70 01 44	-	-		
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	219	231. 94		1.	2	11	4 3	-	-	2	-	-	8 7
New York	44 75	71 66	-	1		4	1	-		ī	-		ī
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	105	241	-	7	: •	27	2	-	-	-	1	-	10
Ohio	51 3 3 25 23	60 15 25 38 103		1 2 2 2		15 2 2 2	2	**	-	-	1		4 2 1 3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	51	86	-	13	, -	55	3	-	-	~	-	-	13
Minnesota Iowa Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nobragka	13 35 -	17 1 27 1 9 20	Er .	3 6 1 1	## # #	14 6 10 2 23	2 1	-	9			N 44 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1 10 -
Kansas	2	1,1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BOUTH ATLANTIC	47	76		5	2	112	19	2	-	-	-	2	13
Maryland	4 2 10 15 6	6 2 13 28 16 2	46 40 47 77	3 2	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	2 - 37 27 30 2	6 1 3	1			-	,	6 2 1 3
Georgia	5	4 5	-	-	- 2	7 7	7	-	-	-	-	1 1	1
Florida EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	21	69	-	4	3	70	5	1			_	3	23
Kentucky TennesseeAlabama	9 7 4	18 25 18 8	 	2 2	2	28 6 27 9	2 2 1	-	* *	- *		1 2	8 8 6 1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	74	200	-	1	-	12	12			1	1	1	49
Arkansas Louisiana Cklahoma Texas	1 3 3 67	19 7 19 155		1	·	1 7	6	-	-	1	1		4 - 1 44
MOUNTAIN	31	37	-	ı	2	14	1	_	-	-	1	-	-
Montana	1 7 1 22	7 -2 12 6 9	-	1	2	3 1 6 - 3	1	-			1		
PACIFIC	58	75	1	5	2	46	5	_	-	1	_		1
Washington	1 3 54	2 7 66	1	1	2	2 5 5	1		- :	-	-	-	1

Table 3.—CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES: SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 15, 1952

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1946)

							حيب شيد د	-	-	DANCE VARIABLE			-		Supracrape and Section
AREA	Brucellosis (undulant fever) (044)	Diphtheria (055)	Encephalitis, acute infectious (082)	Hepstitis, infectious, and serum (092, M998.5 pt.)	Measles (085)	Meningococcal infections (057)	Poliomyelitis, acute (080)	Rocky Mountain spotted fever (104A)	Scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat (050,051)	Trichiniasis (128)	Tularemia (059)	Typhoid fever (040)	Typhus fever, endemic (101)	Wacoping cough (056)	Rables in animals
TOTAL: 106 cities	1	23	5	66	471	37	236		523		-	9	1	235	9
NEW ENGLAND								and the second							Company of the last of the las
Boston	1 1 1 1		**		2 - 1	- - 1	**	1 1 9 1 1	7 - - - - -	97 93 121 24	*	-	1 1 1 1 1	7 1 - 4 2	
Lynn			** ** ***	6	1	1	-		2 - 1 3		**************************************	*****		*****	-
Somerville				- - 7	1 - 1	**	-		2 7	20 20 31	31 ~ ~	-	-	1 5 -	-
Albany				2	ī 1	1	1 5 -	-	3 2	*	*		-	3	
Erie			2	1	5 2 11	1 1	1 9	-	6 3 3 18	**	-	2	-	10 64 1	
Philadelphia	ł ł l	1 - - -		1. - - -	5 2 1	2	1 5 1	-	7 6 - 8	-	*	1 1 1 1	**	35 3 -	-
Syracuse	1111	1		1	*	-	2	-	-	-	34 40 10	-	-	1 - 1	-
Akron	31-14-14-1 10- 00-			 1	1 22		13		30			****	****	1 2	***
Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Dayton Detroit Evansville	ī - -	6	2	-	10 10 5	12	1 7 1 6	3 3 1 1	41 21 7 3 22 12			1	19 40 19 29 24	28	-
Flint	-	1 1 1 1	*	4	4 1 2 44	1	1 2 4 1 7	-	2 1 12 9	**			-	2	
Peoria		1	-	*	15 1	5	11 1	-	5 7	-			-	-	-
Des Moines Duluth			95 19 40 MK 497 40 40 40 40	1 23	6 160 2	- - - 1	5 2 4 9 5	17.	10 20 3	-	-	1		5 - 1 1	
St. Paul	-	-	-	-	17	-	6	-	- 4	-	-	-	-	-	-

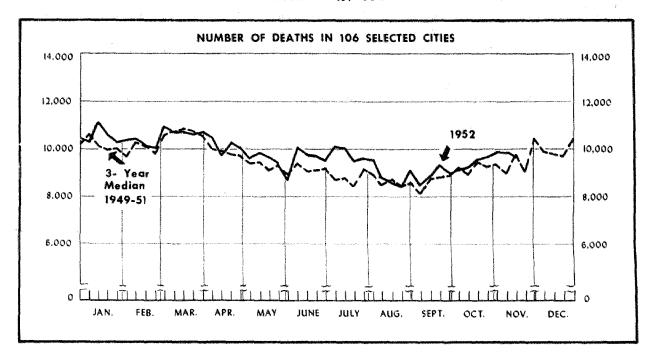
Table 3.—CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES: SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 15, 1952—Continued

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA 14 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2		ter dise	-													
Atlantance Charleston, B. C.	AREA			Encephalitis, acute infectious (062)		Measles (085)	Meningococal infections (057)			fever and scoceal sor (050,051)	Trichiniasis (128)		fever	200	cough	Rabies in animals
Atlantance Charleston, B. C.	CONTRA ARE AMERIC															
Manification	Atlanta	-	-	- - -	2	6 4	-	-	- -	14 - 1	-	- - -	-	-	3 - -	
Mashington, D. C. —	Norfolk		1	-		1	-	1 2	- - -	1	-		-		1 - - -	- -
Chattanooga	Washington, D. C Wilmington, Del	-	-	ند:			-	-	-	3	-				2	-
MEST SCUTH CENTRAL	Chattanooga	-	1 - 1	1	- - 3	34 2	- 1 1	- 7 2 - 2	-	3 2 1 2 1		1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 4	í	- 3 1 -	3
El Pago			_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	~	-
Boise City	El Paso	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	16	11111111	3 2 - 1 2 1 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 1 1			1	-	3	- - 1 34
Long Beach	Boise City Colorado Springs Denver Ogden		2 - 2 - 3		2 - 1 2 -	1 3 2 1	1	1 4 5 2 1 3 3		1 3 10 89 2 1			1 1 1 1 1	-	- - - 3	-
Tacoma	Long Beach		1111		1 1 -	4 - 1 - 2 4	- 6 - 1	22 7 2 2 6 17 1	1 1 1 1	7 2 1 2 3 11	-	11111	- - - 1	- - - -	3 - 1 4	-
	Tacoma	-	-	-	-	~		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- - (-)

Weekly Mortality Report

Provisional Statistics for Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended November 15, 1952



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 106 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the three previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval

between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city where 50 deaths are the weekly average, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d \pm 2 \sqrt{d} , where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 4.—DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION
(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

	46th week ended	45th week ended	46th week	Percentage difference between	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 46 WEEKS					
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION	Nov. 15, 1952	Nov. 8, 1952	median 1949-51	current week and median	1952	1951	Percentage difference			
TOTAL: 106 REPORTING CITIES	9,754	9,843	9,789	~0,4	450,595	443,918	+1.5			
New England	651 2,941 2,206 706 803 361 691 222 1,153	726 2,975 2,171 726 792 349 783 224 1,097	640 2,976 2,110 708 719 418 732 197	+1.7 -1.2 +4.5 -0.3 +1.7 -8.9 -5.6 +2.7 +1.0	30,166 134,919 98,367 33,554 35,327 19,328 33,795 10,303 54,836	30,654 133,117 97,608 32,783 33,127 19,131 35,806 9,719 53,973	-1.8 +1.4 +0.8 +2.4 +6.6 +1.0 -0.0 +6.0			

Weekly Mortality Report

Table 5.—DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 15, 1952

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

, Ave mine	46th veek ended	45th week ended	CUMULATIV FOR FIRST			46th week ended	45th week ended	CUMULATIVE FOR FIRST	
CITY	Nov. 15, 1952	Nov. 8, 1 95 2	1952 1951		CITY	Nov. 15, 1952	Nov. 8, 1952	1952	1951
new england					WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.		,		
Boston	213	260	10,173	10,297	St. Paul	60	65	2,782	2,913
Bridgeport	35	39	1,561	1,546	Wichita	25	41	1,808	1,805
Cambridge	35	36	1,356	1,378	SOUTH ATLANTIC				
fall River	25	34	1,219	1,289					
Ove 11	48	48	2,038	1,957	Atlanta	107	136	4,596	3,887
ynn	22 22	21 26	1,113 975	1,337 980	Charlotte	217 23	243 37	10,640	10,05 1,22
lev Bedford	22	15	1,041	1,122	Miami	57	47	2,443	2, 28
lew Haven	44	54	1,966	1,968	Norfolk	29	3 5	1,435	1,378
rovidence	53	80	2,848	2,837	Richmond	68	61	3,066	2,89
Somerville	15	13	726	758	Тамра	63	43	2,457	2,28
pringfield, Mass	33	32	1,700	1,714	Washington, D. C	194	156	7,920	7,70
aterbury	24	28	1,106	1,084	Wilmington, Del	45	34	1,475	1,41
OLCOBCAL	60	40	2,344	2,387	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL				
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					Birmingham	64	70	3,200	3,31
1					Chattanooga	54	32	2,037	2,000
lbany	39	32	1,869	1,927	Knoxville	15	32	1,447	1,50
amden	145 37	135	6,244	6,373	Louisville	104	71	4,542	4,23
lizabeth	31	41 16	1,644 1,307	1,560	Memphis	83	80	4,275	4,30
rie====================================	35	30	1,493	1,249 1,444	Mobile	38	30	1,434	1,37
ersey City	55	91	3,269	3,207	Montgomery	(37)	(30)	(1,229)	(1,15
lewark, N. J	99	84	4,750	4,519	Nasnvilis	63	34	2,393	2,40
ew York City	1,568	1,621	71,261	69, 181	west south central	İ			
aterson	40	43	1,728	1,646	Austin	23	31	1,071	1,22
hiladelphia	438	434	21,329	22,327	Baton Rouge	10	14	737	170
ittaburghochester, N. Y	183 93	173 102	7,898	7,799 4,054	Corpus Christi	14	34	794	66
chenectady	15	24	4,152 1,030	1,029	Dallas	69	96	4,027	3,97
yracuse	49	49	2,357	2,232	El Paso	26	17	1,204	1,32
renton	59	31	2,018	1,934	Fort Worth	56	46	2,447	2,47
tica	22	27	1,276	1,441	Houston	119 34	119 36	5,258 2,035	5,12 2,00
onkers	33	42	1, 294	1,195	Little Rock	149	150	6,893	6,92
					Oklahoma City	42	50	2,364	2,38
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					San Antonio	76	85	3,478	3,60
kron	42	70	2,532	2,259	Shreveport	36	35	1,724	1,74
anton	34	24	1,288	1,282	Tulsa	37	70	1,763	1,66
hicago	713	690	32, 255	32,743	MOUNTAIN				
incinnati	142	131	6,408	6,489					
leveland	211	207	9,369	9,218	Albuquerque	26	17	1,163	1,19
eyton	99	97	4,529	4,386	Colorado Springs Denver	105	12	587	56 4 4 T
etroit	48 342	69 317	2,701	2,649	Ogden	105 9	97 : 17	4,633 574	4,4 1 50
vanaville	39	31	14,005	14,109 1,416	Phoenix	24	23	943	84
lint	29	36	1,540	1,418	Pueblo	11	25	566	45
ort Wayne	30	33	1,350	1,417	Salt Lake City	38	33	1,837	1,75
rand Rapids	43	40	1,683	1,680	Tucson	(9)	(3)	(215)	(23
ndianapolis	115	110	5,067	4,856	PACIFIC	'		1	
ilvaukee	110	115	5,458	5,154			1		
Boria	33	36	1,385	1,349	Berkeley	20	24	851	78
outh Bend	21	23	1,059	1, 151	Long Beach	40	40	2,077	1,96
01edo	95	95	4,019	4,103	Los Angeles	409 93	335 85	19,527	19,23 4,15
orings town	60	47	2,171	1,929	Pasadena	23	31	1,444	1,39
WEST WORTH CENTRAL					Portland, Oreg	84	85	4,328	4,42
· ·					Sacramento	48	46	2,069	1,97
es Moines	45	34	2,254	2,151	San Diego	87	63	3,202	2,87
uluth	21	21	1,160	1,135	San Francisco	191	194	8,581	8,65
ansas City, Kans	38	25	1,581	1,618	Seattle	96	110	5,005	5,05
ansas City, Moinneapolis	103	115	5,091	4,986	Spokane	32	44	1,881	1,88
**************************************	99	126	.5,242	5,101	Tacoma	30	40	1,540	1,56
MANA	83	62	2,897	2,627	1			: :	

Symbols.—parentheses [()]: data not included in table 4; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.